

## OLEOMARGARINE.

The Production Last Year Amounted to 45,531,207 Pounds.

Illinois Continues to Lead in the Manufacture of This Product—Adm. Walker Confers With Secretary Long—Ex-Queen Lili Returns to Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The production of oleomargarine during the last fiscal year amounted 45,531,207 pounds, being over 5,000,000 pounds less than in 1896, and of over 24,000,000 pounds since 1894. The decrease is attributed to the hostile state legislation cutting off the privilege of sale as well as that of manufacture. The number of manufacturing establishments decreased from 22 in 1896 to 16 in 1897. The number of wholesale establishments from 157 to 103 and the number of retail houses from 4,380 to 3,539. The quantity exported during the year amounted to 3,148,407 pounds, which is a slight increase over the year 1896. Illinois continues to lead in the manufacture of this product, more than one-half of the total output having been produced in the first district of Illinois. Rhode Island is second with a total production of 7,112,433 pounds, and Kansas third with 5,589,363 pounds. The revenue derived from this source during the last fiscal year amounted to \$1,034,129.

Adm. Walker, chairman of the Nicaragua canal commission, had a conference with Secretary Long Thursday regarding a vessel to take the commission to Nicaragua and to be used by it during the stay of the commission in the south. The admiral has made a request for the gunboat Newport which has been fitted up for the naval academy, and which will answer all purposes of the commission. It has not yet been determined that this vessel can be spared. The commission expects to start south at an early date and is now delayed on account of the Carter investigation.

Ex-Queen Liliokalani, of Hawaii, returned to the city Thursday from her visit to San Francisco. Accompanying her were Joseph Heleluhe, her secretary, and several friends who recently arrived at San Francisco from the islands. The ex-queen's stay in the city is indefinite.

The state department has dashed the hopes of another fortune hunter, who, it would appear, narrowly escaped being victimized by a sharper. In this case two residents of Chetopa, Kan., were represented to be heirs to "the Wardle estate" in England. United States Consul Grinnell, at Manchester, by direction of the department of state, made an investigation and found that while there was a magnificent estate of that name near Manchester, it is owned by another family who can trace title for 100 years, and that no time in the past has any Wardle family been interested in the estate.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—President McKinley and party arrived in Washington at 10 o'clock Thursday morning over the Pennsylvania road. The return trip was made without incident. Quite a crowd gathered at the station to witness the home-coming. Both the president and Mrs. McKinley acknowledged the greeting by smiling and bowing pleasantly to those who were assembled. They then entered carriages and were driven to the white house.

## THIRD GAME

Of the Cup Series in the Western League Won by Indianapolis.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 1.—About 1,500 people witnessed the third of the games in the cup series between Columbus and Indianapolis Thursday. Both pitchers received brilliant support at times, the fielding of Mertes and Hogriever being the features of the game. McCarthy led in batting, making four safe hits out of as many times at bat, one of them for three bases. In the ninth inning, with the score tied, Gray hit for two bases after one man was out. McFarland followed with a single, but Mertes returned the ball so quickly Gray could not get past third. McCarthy was the next man up, and as he had already made four hits he was allowed to walk to first. Then Kahoe swung hard at the ball and it bounded off the bat dead and rolled down the third base line so slowly that Genins, who fielded it, could not prevent Gray crossing the plate with the winning run. Following was the score:

Innings..... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R. H. E.  
Columbus..... 3 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—5 12 5  
Indianapolis..... 4 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1—6 13 1  
Batteries—Evans and Buckley; Forman and Wood. Umpire—Mannassau.

Wreck of the Dean Richmond Located.  
ERIE, Pa., Oct. 1.—The United States steamer Michigan returned here from Dunkirk Thursday after locating the wreck of the steamer Dean Richmond. The wreck was found seven miles off Silver creek, in 13 fathoms of water. The Dean Richmond was sunk October 13, 1893. Her entire crew of 18 men were drowned. Search for the wreck has been going on for the past three years, but without success until now.

River Miners Will Strike.  
MONONGAHELA CITY, Pa., Oct. 1.—The river miners in convention here Thursday decided to strike until the conditions of the settlement effected at the Columbus convention and the differential usually prevailing on the Monongahela river are agreed to. The suspension, which will be practically a total one, takes place at once and affects between 5,000 and 6,000 men.

Oldest Lithographer Dead.  
OWENSBORO, Ky., Oct. 1.—Colin C. Milne, the oldest lithographer in America, died here. He was born in Murrayshire, Scotland, in March, 1813. When 18 years old he came alone to this country, went to Baltimore, Md., and established the first lithographing studio in that city. In the summer of 1836 he located in Louisville and established the first lithographing business in that city. He made the first map in Kentucky. One of the first things he ever printed was a caricature of Jackson removing the deposit from the United States bank. Mr. Milne came to Owensboro in 1860.

## THE WOODFORD NOTE

Expresses the Hope on the Part of the United States That the War Will Be Brought to a Speedy Close in the Interest of All Concerned.

CHICAGO, Oct. 2.—A Washington special to the Times-Herald says: It is now possible for the Times-Herald to give, not the exact text of the famous Woodford note to Spain, but a fair statement of its substance.

This celebrated and much discussed document simply expresses, on the part of the United States, the hope that the war will be brought to a close as speedily as possible, but there is no date fixed when the consummation is to be reached, and that the interests of Spain, no less than the interests of the United States, the interests of humanity and the interests of the world at large are reasons why the war should be ended with the least possible delay.

And with that in view, acting as a friend of Spain, because of the great stake which the United States has in Cuba financially and otherwise, because of the annoyance to which the United States has been put by maintaining a patrol over and preventing the sailing of filibustering expeditions, and because civilization opposes war, the United States tenders to Spain its good offices to act as a friend between the mother country and her rebellious colony in the hope that she may be able to effect a settlement and bring the warfare to a close.

This is all there is in the note. There is not the faintest suggestion of this government forcing upon Spain her good offices if she does not care to voluntarily accept them, nor is there an intimation that the war must be brought to an end by a certain time or that Spain must return answer to this note by a fixed date.

## TRAIN HELD UP.

Bandits Rob the Express Car and Passengers Near Mineo, in the Indian Territory.

EL RENO, Okla., Oct. 2.—Bandits robbed southbound Rock Island passenger train and all its passengers at 11 o'clock Friday forenoon at siding No. 1, about five miles south of Mineo, in the Indian territory. The railroad and express officials have feared a hold-up in that section for several weeks, and armed guards have been put aboard all night trains at El Reno and carried through to Chickasha. It had not been thought that the outlaws were bold enough to attack a train in midday. Friday morning the trainmen were completely surprised and they were not prepared to offer any resistance when five masked men came upon them at the lonely siding.

Under the pressure of Winchester and ugly-looking six-shooters the trainmen, the express messenger and all of the score or more of passengers were made to climb down from the train and stand in a line, hands up, on the prairie along the railway. While three of the robbers covered the badly frightened crowd with their guns the other two coolly and carefully robbed them, passing from one passenger to another down the line. The bandits secured about \$300 in cash and such other valuables, in the way of watches, pins and jewelry as were in sight.

The passengers and trainmen having been thoroughly plucked, three of the bandits turned their attention to the express and mail coaches, the others standing guard over the helpless crowd on the prairie. The registered mail pouches were quickly rifled, but the through safe in the express car resisted all the force and ingenuity of the road agents. When the messenger had convinced the bandits that he could not open the strong box they resorted to dynamite. Several heavy charges were exploded, but the safe proved bandit proof, and though it was badly battered, its contents were saved to the express company.

Having taken forcible possession of everything that they could carry away, the bandits mounted their horses and rode off toward the west. A posse is in pursuit.

Star Pointer Lowers the Record.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 2.—In a race that was witnessed by at least 65,000 people Star Pointer, on the Illinois state fair grounds Friday afternoon, not only maintained his reputation as the king of pacers by beating Joe Patchen, but he also lowered the world's pacing record in a race by half a second, making a mile in 2:00½, the record in a race having been 2:10, which Star Pointer made on Saturday, September 18, at Indianapolis, when he defeated Joe Patchen.

A Boundary Dispute Settled.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, via Galveston, Oct. 2.—There is considerable rejoicing here accompanied by military and civic displays at the announcement that Gen. Alexander, the engineer appointed by President Cleveland to settle the boundary dispute between Costa Rica and Nicaragua, has decided that the eastern boundary of Nicaragua and Costa Rica commences at the harbor head of Greytown, as claimed by Nicaragua.

Death of Actor Joseph Proctor.

BOSTON, Oct. 2.—Joseph Proctor, the veteran actor, died at 12:45 Saturday morning at his home on Columbus avenue after a long illness. Mr. Proctor was born in Marlboro, Mass., in 1816, and made his debut upon the stage in 1833, in Damon and Pythias. He had in his time played with all the stellar attractions of his early days. Edwin Forrest and the elder Booth gave him aid and encouragement.

Bubonic Plague Again.

BOMBAY, Oct. 2.—Within a week there have been 60 deaths from the bubonic plague here. The disease has reappeared in Kurrachee and is gradually spreading. It has already extended to Sholapur. The government regards the situation as serious.

Sold Her Husband for \$4,000.

St. Louis, Oct. 2.—According to the Post Dispatch John A. Truitt, a conductor on the Northern Central electric street car line, was sold Friday by his wife for \$4,000 to a woman who declares that she loves the man more than his wife does.

## POISON IN COFFEE.

The Mother and Four of Her Seven Children Are Dead.

Fifth Child Dying and the Sixth Victim Still—An Older Son Became Alarmed Over a Remark Made by the Mother and Left the Breakfast Table.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 4.—A special to the Bee from Schuyler, Neb., says:

During Sunday forenoon Frank Steinad came hastily in from Shell Creek precinct, nine miles northeast, to summon a physician to the home of Frank Davis, where he said the whole family had been poisoned. Dr. Sixta hastened out and found four of the seven children in the family and their mother dead, a fifth child in a dying condition, and a sixth victim sick. Mr. Davis and his oldest son went away early in the morning, leaving before the rest of the family breakfasted. When the meal was prepared all sat down and early in the course of the meal Mrs. Davis made some such remark as: "Eat a good breakfast and we'll all go together." An older son's mind was affected by the remark to the extent that he did not appease his appetite. A daughter, younger than the son, after drinking about a half cup of coffee, became sick and vomited. The rest of the family continued the morning meal, although the children made very wry faces and said the coffee did not taste good. Strychnine had been put into the coffee which soon showed its effects when those not prostrated spread the alarm, but not soon enough to avoid the fatal effects noted.

## THE QUEEN REGENT

Solicitors for Spain's Relations With the United States and to Avert the Loss of Cuba.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—A special to the World from Madrid, Spain, by way of Bayonne, says: In all her consultations with the Spanish generals and the leaders of the political parties the queen regent has laid stress chiefly upon the question of Spain's relations with the United States and the best means of averting the loss of Cuba through prolongation of the war and consequent American intervention, thereby imperiling the stability of her son's throne, let alone playing into the hands of the republicans and Carlists, who have been especially troublesome of late.

The queen also insisted strongly upon discussing whether her Spanish rule in the West Indies would not be jeopardized by a too extended grant of autonomy, thus enabling the separatists and autonomists to prepare gradually and legally their evolution towards independence.

She earnestly asked the statesmen if they really believed a liberal government would be strong enough to make the majority of the Spaniards accept extended home rule, involving a sacrifice of Spanish material interests in the colonial markets and a heavy burden for the Spanish treasury, if saddled with a part of the Cuban debt.

The queen questioned whether Sagasta would be able to restrain public opinion, the press and the opposition parties if he made concessions to the colonies under the pressure of American diplomacy.

The queen can not believe success would crown so complete a reversal of the policy which had been followed for the last two years and a half.

It seems that some, if not all, of her loyal advisors had the courage to tell the queen regent that the alternative lies between a sincere trial of a new policy embracing an understanding with the United States and the greater question of a conflict with America, probably entailing the loss of the colonies.

Nominations by the President.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—The president has made the following appointments: Thomas Scadden, register of the land office at Marquette, Mich.; John L. Worthington, register of the land office at Harrison, Ark.

David L. Geyer, of Pomeroy, O., receiver of public moneys at Roswell, N. M.

Albert M. Anderson, agent for the Indians of the Colville agency in Washington.

Wm. H. Driggs to be lieutenant commander in the navy.

Ulysses Grant Ammen to be assistant paymaster in the navy, with relative rank of ensign.

Two Expeditions to India.

OAKLAND, Cal., Oct. 4.—Two expeditions will leave this state this month for India to witness the total eclipse of the sun. Prof. Charles Burkhalter, astronomer at the Chaboy observatory, will go with a complete outfit, and Prof. W. W. Campbell, of Lick observatory, will represent the state institution. The Pierson expedition for the Chaboy observatory will leave October 30. W. W. Campbell, of the Lick observatory, will start October 21 and it is not probable that the two expeditions will meet in the Orient.

Two Killed in a Wreck.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 4.—News reached here that the San Juan express on the Denver & Rio Grande was wrecked by a broken axle while crossing a trestle near Cotopaxi at 12:45 Sunday. Two day coaches and two sleepers went over the trestle into the river below. Two persons were killed and a number of others injured.

One of the dead is Fred Seyler, of 2809 Cornman avenue, Cincinnati.

Notorious Staffeback Family Sentenced.

COLUMBUS, Kan., Oct. 4.—The notorious Staffeback family, whose names are commonly supposed to have rivaled those of the Benders, have been sentenced here for the killing of Frank Galbraith, the peddler, who was murdered in their den at Galena. Ed and George Staffeback, convicted of murder in the first degree, were given life sentences. Mrs. Wilson, their mother, as an accomplice was sentenced to 21 years. Mike Staffeback is serving a five year term for burglary. Ed Staffeback has been declared insane, his mind having given way through fear of lynching.

## PUBLIC DEBT.

An Increase During the Month of September of \$3,787,592—A Corresponding Decrease in the Amount of Cash on Hand.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The monthly treasury statement shows that at the close of business September 30, 1897, the public debt, less cash in the treasury, was \$1,012,123,713, an increase since August 30 of \$3,787,592. This increase is accounted for by a corresponding decrease in the amount of cash on hand. The debt is recapitulated as follows:

Interest bearing debt, \$847,365,540; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,334,570.

Debt bearing no interest \$378,615,395. Total \$1,227,315,500. This amount, however, does not include \$559,070,952 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding, which are offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury. The cash in the treasury is classified as follows: Gold \$184,561,664; silver \$513,481,747; paper \$133,611,339.

Bonds, disbursing officers balances, etc., \$18,713,889. Total, \$850,368,631, against which there are demand liabilities outstanding amounting to \$635,175,844, which leaves a net cash balance in the treasury of \$215,192,787.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The agricultural department has been compelled to forego its decision to distribute this year's seed from Washington because of a decision of Controller Tracewell, of the treasury, that such distribution would be a violation of the law by which the appropriation was made. This decision was rendered Friday in response to a letter from Secretary Wilson.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The cabinet meeting Friday was devoted almost entirely to the consideration of the Spanish situation and other foreign affairs. It was one of the longest meetings held since the advent of the present administration, lasting over two and a half hours. The main subject of consideration was the present cabinet crisis in Spain and its effect upon our relations with the Madrid government and our attitude toward Cuba. It is believed that an important cable has been received from Minister Woodford, and that this formed the basis of the discussion. The members of the cabinet were extremely reticent, as they always are when matters of grave import have been before them, but at the conclusion of the meeting one of them said that the discussion had not eventuated in anything definite and that no immediate action would follow.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—It has been recommended to the state department by United States Consul Read at Tien Tsin, that the question of including Peking in the list of treaty ports be taken into consideration. He says that a large illicit trade has been built up there by foreign merchants who import their goods free of the duty imposed on Chinese merchants whom they are consequently able to undersell. The consul thinks this trade should be legitimized by making Peking a treaty port and opening it to American trade.

## SENOR SAGASTA

Arrives in Madrid and Will Attempt to Form a New Cabinet.

MADRID, Oct. 2.—Senor Sagasta says he will attempt to form a new cabinet.



SENOR SAGASTA.

MADRID, Oct. 2.—The Liberals gave an ovation to Senor Sagasta, their leader, upon his arrival here Friday. It is taken for granted that he will form a cabinet, of which, probably, Senor Gamazo will be minister for foreign affairs; Senor Moret y Prendergast, minister for the colonies, and Gen. Correa, minister for war. Although Senor Moret y Prendergast has been mentioned for appointment as Spanish minister to Washington to succeed Senor Dupuy de Lome. It is now expected that the cabinet crisis will be ended in less than a week.

## AMERICAN-BUILT SHIPS

To Replace the Foreign-Built Craft in the West India Fruit Trade.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 2.—The Press Saturday says: Negotiations are in progress among a number of capitalists in Philadelphia, New York and Boston, which, if successfully carried out, will result in the substitution of American-built steamships for the large number of foreign-built craft now engaged in the West India fruit trade. The new ships will be built by the Cramps, who are largely interested in the undertaking, and will be speedy, first-class vessels in every particular, calculated to reduce to the lowest time the passage between northern and West India fruit ports.

Gov. Atkinson Will Not Call an Extra.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Oct. 1.—It begins to look as if the work of the committee appointed by the legislature last winter to revise the state constitution will go for naught, the indications being that no special session of the legislature can be had to provide for submitting the proposed amendments to a vote of the people.

There is No Disagreement.

BUENOS AYRES, Oct. 2.—Dr. Anacleto Alporta, the minister for foreign affairs, denies that there is any disagreement between the republic of Argentina and the republic of Chile.

## THE PLAGUE.

New Orleans Board of Health Finds Great Difficulty in Its Work

Of Stamping Out the Disease on Account of Failure to Report Cases of Sickness—Consequently the Patients Do Not Receive Prompt Medical Attention.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 4.—The fever situation did not improve Saturday. Not many new cases were reported, but there were reports of four deaths. One was the man Hickey, a patient at the yellow fever hospital. Another death was that of a child named Bauer, at Philip and Chippewa streets. A great crowd collected in the vicinity and extra details of guards had to be sent to clear the streets. There are five cases in the neighborhood in one square. The board of health continues to find great difficulty in its work of stamping out the disease. Failure to report sickness is becoming exasperatingly common.

The result is that patients are not receiving prompt medical attention, and are dying where they might be pulled through if doctors were immediately called in. The cases at the yellow fever hospital are increasing; there were 17 there Friday night and others were removed there Saturday morning. A number of people were released Friday and Saturday from the detention camp.

The Rigolets detention camp has been closed. There was no reason to maintain it because very few people were coming into New Orleans over the Louisville & Nashville road. Orders have been issued to send all suspects from infected points to Fontainebleau, where there are ample accommodations for several hundred people. Although the number of cases here is increasing, the board of health has resolutely refused to modify its quarantine regulations. Every affected point is being watched. The board will continue to quarantine houses here wherein fever exists. The effect will be to prevent a spread of the disease and to give employment to several hundred men who have been thrown out of work by the stagnation of trade.

Maj. E. J. Hamilton, the probable successor of Chief of Police Gaster, was stricken with yellow fever Saturday.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 4.—Gov. Foster has telegraphed the governors of Texas and Mississippi asking them to meet him in conference in the interest of uniformity of quarantine regulations.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 4.—At 8 o'clock Sunday night there had been 27 cases reported and but two deaths.

EDWARDS, Miss., Oct. 4.—The doctors report 14 new cases of yellow fever Sunday, of whom seven are white.

MOBILE, Ala., Oct. 4.—Sunday there were but four new cases and no deaths.

## COLUMBUS TEAM

Wins Another Game From Indianapolis in the Cup Series.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 4.—The Indianapolis team confidently expected to win Sunday's game and end the cup series, but they were disappointed. There was not a time during the game when they had even a chance to win. Evans for Columbus pitched effectively, while Foreman was hit hard, the Senators rapping out three triples in the fifth inning. Kahoe's home run in the seventh was the only run to which the visitors were really entitled. The game was marked by snappy fielding. Merte's eight put-outs in center field were the features of the game, some of his catches being on the sensational order. Hulén's work at short was also brilliant. Score:

Innings..... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R. H. E.  
Columbus..... 1 2 0 0 2 0 0 1 0—6 11 2  
Indianapolis..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1—3 8 5  
Batteries—Evans and Buckley; Foreman and Kahoe.

The Indianapolis and Columbus players held a conference Sunday night and decided not to play out the cup series, the Indianapolis men refusing to play any more games except on their own grounds. The players of both teams were anxious to return to their respective homes, and the Columbus team agreed to give Indianapolis the cup, the Hoosiers having won three out of the five games played. Each player received about \$75 over expenses in the cup series out of the receipts.

## MINISTERIAL CHANGES

Will Not Affect the Original Instructions to Minister Woodford by President McKinley.

MADRID, Oct. 4.—The ministerial changes will not affect the instructions which United States Minister Woodford originally received from President McKinley. Both Gen. Woodford and Senor Sagasta, the premier, maintain absolute reserve on the question of American relations to Spain.

Leading liberals, however, declare that Spain can never officially accept American mediation in Cuban affairs.

Senor Sagasta had a conference with the queen regent Sunday and it is expected that the new liberal cabinet will be completed Monday. Gen. Correa has accepted the portfolio of minister of war.

## Death of Judge Menzies.

FALMOUTH, Ky., Oct. 4.—Judge J. W. Menzies died here at nine o'clock Sunday night. The remains will be taken to Covington for burial Tuesday. Judge Menzies was one of the most widely known jurists and democrats in Kentucky. He was about eighty-five years old.

## Sagasta's Policy.

MADRID, Oct. 4.—Premier Sagasta Sunday, in an interview, gave out his proposed policy toward Cuba. Mediation is not wanted. He will grant the Cubans all possible self-government. The policy of the last two years will be completely reversed. Foreign interference will not be allowed. The new premier hopes, however, that the United States will be friendly.

## Earthquake Shock in California.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., Oct. 4.—At 5:15 o'clock Saturday morning a slight shock of earthquake was felt here, the vibrations being east and west.

## Every Saturday Tourist Sleeping Car Route to California.

Every Saturday night Midland Route tourist cars en route to Colorado, Utah and California will leave the Chicago Union Passenger Station at the 10 o'clock, running over the Chicago and Omaha Short Line to Omaha, thence via Lincoln, Neb., Colorado Springs and Leadville, Colo., Salt Lake City and Ogden, Utah, Reno, Nevada, and Sacramento, Cal., arriving at San Francisco at 8:45 p. m. Wednesday.

These popular every Saturday California excursions for both first and second-class passengers (not foreign emigrants) are "personally conducted" by intelligent, competent and courteous "conductors" who will attend to the wants of all passengers en route. This is an entirely new feature of tourist car service and will be greatly appreciated by families or parties of friends traveling together, or by ladies traveling alone. Particular attention is paid to the care of children who usually get weary on a long journey.

Remember that the Midland Route Tourist Cars are sleeping cars and are supplied with all the accessories necessary to make the journey comfortable and pleasant. The sleeping berth rate is but \$6.00 (for two persons) from Chicago to California.

Ask the nearest ticket agent for a tourist car "folder," giving complete information about the Midland Route, or address "Eastern Manager, Midland Route," No. 35 Adams street, Chicago, Ill., or Geo. H. Heaford, General Passenger Agent, 410 Old Colony Building, Chicago.

## Wherein Nobbleton Shows Sense.

"My friend Nobbleton," said Mr. Tankley, "is overcautious about many things, but in many ways he shows great common sense. For instance, he always carries with him postal cards appropriately addressed, and if he is suddenly called away anywhere—and his business is such that he is liable to be at any time—he puts a word or two on one of his postal cards and puts it in the nearest letter box. He may not have time to stop and write or to telegraph, but he can always find time to drop this postal card; and it relieves the minds of the folks at home. In this I think Nobbleton shows sense."—N. Y. Sun.

## Shake Out Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous, hot, itchy, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Write to Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

## Caught the Eggs.

Judge—How do you know the prisoners threw eggs at you?  
Tragedian—I caught them in the act.—Up-to-Date.

## To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

A Stumbling Block.—"What is the objection of the politicians to a service reform system?" "The examination questions."—Truth.

A Dose in Time Saves Nine of Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar for Coughs. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

We have noticed that the less a man knows the more he criticizes the courts.—Washington Democrat.

I am entirely cured of hemorrhage of lungs by Piso's Cure for Consumption.—Louisa Lindaman, Bethany, Mo., Jan. 8, '94.

Because a man is poor in flesh is not a sure sign that he doesn't eat much.—Washington Democrat.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

Do not slight the man because he has done wrong.—Ram's Horn.

## A GRAND WORK.

Helping Tired Mothers and Giving Rosy Cheeks to Children.

Thousands of tired, nervous, worried women have found strength, health and happiness in Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies their blood, strengthens their nerves and gives them good appetites. Pale and puny children are given rosy cheeks and vigorous appetites by the great blood enriching qualities of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is indeed the mother's friend and it may well have a place in thousands of families. Be sure to get Hood's.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## GEORGIA LADIES

## TELL THE TRUTH.

Miss Mary Jane Jones.

Bullards, Ga., writes: Eight years ago I had slow fever 3 months. Five doctors attended me, but I continued to grow worse until I commenced taking Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine three times a day, and I was well before one package was taken. Have taken a few doses "Black Draught," but did not think it cleared my Liver as well as Dr. M. A. S. L. M.

## Female Complaints.

There are two critical and even dangerous periods in female life, when the greatest care is necessary. The first, when the girl passes from childhood to womanhood; if through ignorance or neglect this mysterious development is interfered with or thwarted, even in the smallest degree, they are liable to some malady frequently proving most serious, such